Adopted Rejected

COMMITTEE REPORT

YES: 12 NO: 0

MR. SPEAKER:

Your Committee on <u>Courts and Criminal Code</u>, to which was referred <u>House Bill</u>

1892, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

1 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following: 2 SECTION 1. IC 12-23-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 3 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 1. A drug abuser or an 4 alcoholic charged with or convicted of a felony may request treatment 5 under the supervision of the division and upon the consent of the 6 authorities concerned as set forth in this chapter instead of prosecution 7 or imprisonment, unless any of the following conditions exist: 8 (1) The offense is a forcible felony or burglary classified as a 9 Class A or Class B felony. 10 (2) The offense is that of delivering a controlled substance. 11 (3) (2) The defendant has a record that includes at least two (2) 12 prior convictions for forcible felonies or a burglary classified as 13 a Class A or Class B felony. 14 (4) (3) Other criminal proceedings, not arising out of the same 15 incident, alleging commission of a felony are pending against the

1	defendant.
2	(5) (4) The defendant is on probation or parole and the
3	appropriate parole or probation authority does not consent to the
4	request.
5	(6) (5) The defendant was admitted to a treatment program under
6	IC 12-23-7 or IC 12-23-8 on two (2) prior occasions within the
7	preceding two (2) years.
8	SECTION 2. IC 16-31-3-14.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 14.5. The commission
.0	may permanently revoke a license or certificate under procedures
1	provided by section 14 of this chapter if the individual who holds the
2	license or certificate issued under this title is convicted of any of the
3	following:
.4	(1) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
.5	methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.
.6	(2) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
.7	IC 35-48-4-2.
.8	(3) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
9	IC 35-48-4-3.
20	(4) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
21	IC 35-48-4-4.
22	(5) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled
23	substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5.
24	(6) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising,
25	distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
26	or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance
27	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
28	(7) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
29	(8) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish under
30	IC 35-48-4-10(b).
31	(9) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in
32	subdivisions (1) through (8).
33	(10) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
34	subdivisions (1) through (8).
35	(11) A crime of violence (as defined in IC 35-50-1-2(a)).
86	(12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of
37	the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially
88	similar to the elements of an offense described under subdivisions

1	(1) through (11).
2	SECTION 3. IC 16-42-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 4. A drug or device is
4	considered to be misbranded under any of the following conditions:
5	(1) If the labeling of the drug or device is false or misleading in
6	any way.
7	(2) If the drug or device is in package form unless the drug or
8	device bears a label containing:
9	(A) the name and place of business of the manufacturer,
10	packer, or distributor; and
11	(B) an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in
12	terms of weight, measure, or numerical count.
13	However, under clause (B) reasonable variations shall be
14	permitted and exemptions as to small packages shall be
15	established by rules adopted by the state department.
16	(3) If any word, statement, or other information required to appear
17	on the label or labeling, under this chapter or a rule adopted under
18	IC 16-42-1-2 is not prominently placed on the drug or device with
19	conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements,
20	designs, or devices in the labeling) and in such terms that make
21	the label likely to be read and understood by the ordinary
22	individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.
23	(4) If the drug or device:
24	(A) is for use by humans; and
25	(B) contains any quantity of the narcotic or hypnotic substance
26	alpha-eucaine, barbituric acid, beta-eucaine, bromal, cannabis,
27	carbromal, chloral, coca, cocaine, codeine, heroin, marijuana,
28	morphine, opium, paraldehyde, peyote, methamphetamine,
29	or sulphonmethane, or any chemical derivative of such
30	substance, which derivative after investigation has been found
31	to be and is designated as habit forming, by rules adopted by
32	the state department under IC 16-42-1 through IC 16-42-4 or
33	by regulations issued under 21 U.S.C. 352(d);
34	unless the label on the drug or device bears the name and quantity
35	or proportion of that substance or derivative and the statement
36	"Warning Ł May Be Habit Forming".
37	(5) If a drug, unless the following conditions are met:
38	(A) The label on the drug bears, to the exclusion of any other

1 nonproprietary name except the applicable systematic 2 chemical name or the chemical formula, the following: 3 (i) The established name of the drug, if any. 4 (ii) If the drug is fabricated from at least two (2) ingredients, 5 the established name and quantity of each active ingredient, including the kind and quantity or proportion of any alcohol 6 and, whether active or not, the established name and 7 8 quantity or proportion of any bromides, ether, chloroform, 9 acetanilid, acetphenetidin, amidopyrine, antipyrine, atropine, 10 hyoscine, hyoscyamine, arsenic, digitalis, digitalis 11 glucosides, mercury, ouabain, strophanthin, strychnine, thyroid, or any derivative or preparation of those substances 12 13 contained in the drug. However, the requirement for stating 14 the quantity of the active ingredients, other than the quantity 15 of those specifically named in this subdivision, applies only 16 to prescription drugs. (B) If a prescription drug, the established name of the drug or 17 18 ingredient on the label (and on any labeling on which a name 19 for the drug or ingredient is used) is printed prominently and 20 in type at least half as large as that used for any proprietary 21 name or designation for the drug or ingredient. 22 However, to the extent that compliance with the requirements of 23 clause (A)(ii) or clause (B) is impracticable, exemptions shall be 24 allowed under rules adopted by the state department or by 25 regulations promulgated under the Federal Act. 26 (6) Unless the drug's or device's labeling bears: 27 (A) adequate directions for use; and 28 (B) adequate warnings against use in those pathological 29 conditions or by children where the drug's or device's use may 30 be dangerous to health or against unsafe dosage or methods or 31 duration of administration or application in the manner and 32 form that is necessary for the protection of users. 33 However, if any requirement of clause (A) as applied to any drug 34 or device is not necessary for the protection of the public health, 35 the state department shall adopt rules exempting the drug or 36 device from that requirement. 37 (7) If a drug purports to be a drug the name of which is 38 recognized in an official compendium, unless the drug is

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packaged and labeled as prescribed in the compendium. However, the method of packing may be modified with the consent of the state department in accordance with regulations promulgated by the federal security administrator under the Federal Act. Whenever a drug is recognized in both the United States Pharmacopoeia and the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, the drug is subject to the requirements of the United States Pharmacopoeia with respect to packaging and labeling unless the drug is labeled and offered for sale as a homeopathic drug. In that case the drug is subject to the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States and not to the United States Pharmacopoeia.

- (8) If a drug or device has been found by the federal security administrator or the state department to be a drug liable to deterioration, unless the drug or device is packaged in a form and manner and the drug's or device's label bears a statement of such precautions as the federal security administrator or the state department requires by rule or regulation as necessary for the protection of the public health. A rule or regulation may not be established for any drug recognized in an official compendium until the federal security administrator or the state department informs the appropriate body charged with the revision of the compendium of the need for the packaging or labeling requirements and that body fails within a reasonable time to prescribe requirements.
- (9) If a drug's container is made, formed, or filled as to be misleading.
- (10) If a drug is an imitation of another drug.
- (11) If a drug is offered for sale under the name of another drug.
- 30 (12) If a drug is or purports to be or is represented to be a drug composed wholly or partly of insulin, unless:
 - (A) the drug is from a batch with respect to which a certificate or release has been issued under Section 506 of the Federal Act; and
- 35 (B) the certificate or release is in effect with respect to the drug.
 - (13) If a drug is or purports to be or is represented to be a drug composed wholly or partly of any kind of penicillin, streptomycin,

1	chloretetracycline, chloramphenicol, bacitracin, or any other
2	antibiotic drug, or any derivative of those drugs, unless:
3	(A) the drug is from a batch with respect to which a certificate
4	or release has been issued under Section 507 of the Federal
5	Act; and
6	(B) the certificate or release is in effect with respect to that
7	drug.
8	However, this subdivision does not apply to any drug or class of
9	drugs exempted by regulations promulgated under Section 507(c)
0	or 507(d) of the Federal Act.
.1	(14) If a drug or device is dangerous to health when used in the
2	dosage, or with the frequency or duration prescribed
3	recommended, or suggested in the labeling of the drug or device
4	(15) Under the conditions described in section 6 of this chapter.
.5	SECTION 4. IC 22-11-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2001]:
8	Chapter 20. Anhydrous Ammonia and Ammonia Solutions
9	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "ammonia solution" means any
20	ammonia solution that contains at least ten percent (10%) by
21	weight of free ammonia or having a vapor pressure of one (1) PSIG
22	or above at one hundred four (104) degrees Fahrenheit.
23	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "appurtenances" includes
24	pumps, compressors, safety relief devices, liquid level gauging
25	devices, valves, and pressure gauges.
26	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "container" includes vessels
27	tanks, cylinders, or spheres.
28	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "equipment law" has the
29	meaning set forth in IC 22-12-1-11.
30	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "law" includes the following:
31	(1) IC 13 or a rule adopted under IC 13.
32	(2) IC 15-3-2 or a rule adopted under IC 15-3-2.
33	(3) IC 22-8-1.1 or a rule adopted under IC 22-8-1.1.
34	(4) An equipment law.
35	Sec. 6. (a) This section does not apply to a person that stores or
86	transports anhydrous ammonia (NH ₃) or an ammonia solution for
37	a lawful agricultural or commercial purpose.
Q	(b) A parson who knowingly or intentionally stores or

1 transports anhydrous ammonia (NH₃) or an ammonia solution: 2 (1) in a container that does not; or 3 (2) with appurtenances that do not; 4 conform to the requirements of a law governing the design, 5 construction, location, installation, or operation of equipment for 6 storage, handling, use, or transportation of anhydrous ammonia 7 (NH₃) or an ammonia solution commits a Class D felony. SECTION 5. IC 25-1-1.1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 8 9 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 2. A board, a 10 commission, or a committee may suspend or revoke a license or 11 certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the 12 committee if the individual who holds the license or certificate is 13 convicted of any of the following: 14 (1) Possession of cocaine, or a narcotic drug, 15 methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6. (2) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a). 16 17 (3) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under 18 IC 35-48-4-7(b). 19 (4) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b). 20 21 (5) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony under 22 IC 35-48-4-8.5(b). 23 (6) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under 24 IC 35-48-4-8.3(b). 25 (7) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, or hashish as a Class D 26 felony under IC 35-48-4-11. 27 (8) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13. 28 (9) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription 29 forms under IC 35-48-4-14. 30 (10) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed 31 in subdivisions (1) through (9). (11) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in 32 33 subdivisions (1) through (9). 34 (12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of 35 the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of an offense described under subdivisions 36 37 (1) through (11). 38 SECTION 6. IC 25-1-1.1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 3. A board, a 2 commission, or a committee shall revoke or suspend a license or 3 certificate issued under this title by the board, the commission, or the 4 committee if the individual who holds the license or certificate is 5 convicted of any of the following: (1) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or 6 7 methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1. 8 (2) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under 9 IC 35-48-4-2. 10 (3) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under 11 IC 35-48-4-3. (4) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under 12 13 IC 35-48-4-4. 14 (5) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5. 15 16 (6) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising, 17 distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise, 18 or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance 19 under IC 35-48-4-4.6. (7) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5. 20 21 (8) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish under 22 IC 35-48-4-10(b). 23 (9) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in 24 subdivisions (1) through (8). 25 (10) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in 26 subdivisions (1) through (8). 27 (11) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of 28 the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially 29 similar to the elements of an offense described under subdivisions 30 (1) through (10). (12) A violation of any federal or state drug law or rule related to 31 32 wholesale legend drug distributors licensed under IC 25-26-14. 33 SECTION 7. IC 31-30-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 4. (a) The juvenile 34 35 court does not have jurisdiction over an individual for an alleged violation of: 36 37 (1) IC 35-42-1-1 (murder); (2) IC 35-42-3-2 (kidnapping); 38

1	(3) IC 35-42-4-1 (rape);
2	(4) IC 35-42-4-2 (criminal deviate conduct);
3	(5) IC 35-42-5-1 (robbery) if:
4	(A) the robbery was committed while armed with a deadly
5	weapon; or
6	(B) the robbery results in bodily injury or serious bodily
7	injury;
8	(6) IC 35-42-5-2 (carjacking);
9	(7) IC 35-45-9-3 (criminal gang activity);
10	(8) IC 35-45-9-4 (criminal gang intimidation);
11	(9) IC 35-47-2-1 (carrying a handgun without a license);
12	(10) IC 35-47-10 (children and firearms);
13	(11) IC 35-47-5-4.1 (dealing in a sawed-off shotgun); or
14	(12) IC 35-48-4-1 (dealing in cocaine, or a narcotic drug);
15	(13) IC 35-48-4-2 (dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled
16	substance);
17	(14) IC 35-48-4-3 (dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance);
18	or
19	(15) (12) any offense that may be joined under IC 35-34-1-9(a)(2)
20	with any crime listed in subdivisions (1) through (14);
21	if the individual was at least sixteen (16) years of age at the time of the
22	alleged violation.
23	(b) The juvenile court does not have jurisdiction for an alleged
24	violation of manufacturing or dealing in cocaine, narcotic drug, or
25	methamphetamine (as defined under IC 35-48-4-1), dealing in a
26	schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (as defined under
27	IC 35-48-4-2), or dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (as
28	defined under IC 35-48-4-3), if:
29	(1) the individual has a prior, unrelated, conviction under
30	IC 35-48-4-1, IC 35-48-4-2, or IC 35-48-4-3; or
31	(2) the individual has a prior, unrelated, juvenile adjudication
32	that, if committed by an adult, would be a conviction under
33	IC 35-48-4-1, IC 35-48-4-2, or IC 35-48-4-3;
34	and the individual was at least sixteen (16) years of age at the time
35	of the alleged violation.
36	(b) (c) Once an individual described in subsection (a) has been
37	charged with any crime listed in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(15), the
38	court having adult criminal jurisdiction shall retain jurisdiction over the

1	case even if the individual pleads guilty to or is convicted of a lesser
2	included offense. A plea of guilty to or a conviction of a lesser included
3	offense does not vest jurisdiction in the juvenile court.
4	SECTION 8. IC 31-34-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 2. (a) A child is a child
6	in need of services if before the child becomes eighteen (18) years of
7	age:
8	(1) the child's physical or mental health is seriously endangered
9	due to injury by the act or omission of the child's parent, guardian,
10	or custodian; and
11	(2) the child needs care, treatment, or rehabilitation that the child:
12	(A) is not receiving; and
13	(B) is unlikely to be provided or accepted without the coercive
14	intervention of the court.
15	(b) Evidence that the illegal manufacture of a drug or controlled
16	substance is occurring on property where a child resides creates a
17	rebuttable presumption that the child's physical or mental health
18	is seriously endangered.
19	SECTION 9. IC 34-24-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 1. (a) The following
21	may be seized:
22	(1) All vehicles (as defined by IC 35-41-1), if they are used or are
23	intended for use by the person or persons in possession of them to
24	transport or in any manner to facilitate the transportation of the
25	following:
26	(A) A controlled substance for the purpose of committing,
27	attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit any of the
28	following:
29	(i) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic
30	drug, or methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1).
31	(ii) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
32	(IC 35-48-4-2).
33	(iii) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance
34	(IC 35-48-4-3).
35	(iv) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance
36	(IC 35-48-4-4).
37	(v) Dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5).
38	(vi) Possession of cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or

1	methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-6).
2	(vii) Dealing in paraphernalia (IC 35-48-4-8.5).
3	(viii) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish
4	(IC 35-48-4-10).
5	(B) Any stolen (IC 35-43-4-2) or converted property
6	(IC 35-43-4-3) if the retail or repurchase value of that property
7	is one hundred dollars (\$100) or more.
8	(C) Any hazardous waste in violation of IC 13-30-6-6.
9	(2) All money, negotiable instruments, securities, weapons,
10	communications devices, or any property commonly used as
11	consideration for a violation of IC 35-48-4 (other than items
12	subject to forfeiture under IC 16-42-20-5 or IC 16-6-8.5-5.1
13	before its repeal):
14	(A) furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in
15	exchange for an act that is in violation of a criminal statute;
16	(B) used to facilitate any violation of a criminal statute; or
17	(C) traceable as proceeds of the violation of a criminal statute.
18	(3) Any portion of real or personal property purchased with
19	money that is traceable as a proceed of a violation of a criminal
20	statute.
21	(4) A vehicle that is used by a person to:
22	(A) commit, attempt to commit, or conspire to commit;
23	(B) facilitate the commission of; or
24	(C) escape from the commission of;
25	murder (IC 35-42-1-1), kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), criminal
26	confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), rape (IC 35-42-4-1), child molesting
27	(IC 35-42-4-3), or child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4).
28	(5) Real property owned by a person who uses it to commit any of
29	the following as a Class A felony, a Class B felony, or a Class C
30	felony:
31	(A) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic drug,
32	or methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1).
33	(B) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
34	(IC 35-48-4-2).
35	(C) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance
36	(IC 35-48-4-3).
37	(D) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish (IC 35-48-4-10).
38	(6) Equipment and recordings used by a person to commit fraud

1	under IC 35-43-5-4(11).
2	(7) Recordings sold, rented, transported, or possessed by a person
3	in violation of IC 24-4-10.
4	(8) Property (as defined by IC 35-41-1-23) or an enterprise (as
5	defined by IC 35-45-6-1) that is the object of a corrupt business
6	influence violation (IC 35-45-6-2).
7	(9) Unlawful telecommunications devices (as defined in
8	IC 35-45-13-6) and plans, instructions, or publications used to
9	commit an offense under IC 35-45-13.
.0	(b) A vehicle used by any person as a common or contract carrier in
.1	the transaction of business as a common or contract carrier is not
2	subject to seizure under this section, unless it can be proven by a
.3	preponderance of the evidence that the owner of the vehicle knowingly
4	permitted the vehicle to be used to engage in conduct that subjects it to
.5	seizure under subsection (a).
6	(c) Money, negotiable instruments, securities, weapons
.7	communications devices, or any property commonly used as
8	consideration for a violation of IC 35-48-4 found near or on a person
9	who is committing, attempting to commit, or conspiring to commit any
20	of the following offenses shall be admitted into evidence in an action
21	under this chapter as prima facie evidence that the money, negotiable
22	instrument, security, or other thing of value is property that has been
23	used or was to have been used to facilitate the violation of a criminal
24	statute or is the proceeds of the violation of a criminal statute:
25	(1) IC 35-48-4-1 (dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a
26	narcotic drug, or methamphetamine).
27	(2) IC 35-48-4-2 (dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled
28	substance).
29	(3) IC 35-48-4-3 (dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance)
30	(4) IC 35-48-4-4 (dealing in a schedule V controlled substance)
31	as a Class B felony.
32	(5) IC 35-48-4-6 (possession of cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
33	methamphetamine) as a Class A felony, Class B felony, or Class
34	C felony.
35	(6) IC 35-48-4-10 (dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish) as
86	a Class C felony.
37	SECTION 10. IC 34-30-3-2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
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1, 2001]: Sec. 2. (a) The definitions set forth in IC 22-11-20 apply

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to this section.

3	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the victim or an agent
4	of the victim of a theft (as defined in IC 35-43-4-2(a)) or criminal
5	conversion (as defined in IC 35-43-4-3) of:
6	(1) anhydrous ammonia (NH ₃);
7	(2) an ammonia solution; or
8	(3) a container used to store or transport anhydrous ammonia
9	or an ammonia solution;
10	is immune from civil liability for injury or damage resulting from
11	the possession or use of the anhydrous ammonia, ammonia
12	solution, or container by another person to commit a violation of
13	IC 35-48-4.
14	(c) A victim or an agent described in subsection (b) is not
15	immune from civil liability under subsection (b) if:
16	(1) the victim or agent committed a crime involving the
17	anhydrous ammonia, ammonia solution, or container that is
18	the subject of the theft or criminal conversion; or
19	(2) the victim's or agent's willful or intentional commission of
20	a violation of an applicable law, rule, or regulation governing
21	the:
22	(A) design;
23	(B) construction;
24	(C) location;
25	(D) installation; or
26	(E) operation;
27	of equipment for storage, handling, use, or transportation of
28	anhydrous ammonia or ammonia solution proximately caused
29	the theft or criminal conversion.
30	SECTION 11. IC 35-33-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-1999,
31	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 5. (a) All items of property seized by any law
33	enforcement agency as a result of an arrest, search warrant, or
34	warrantless search, shall be securely held by the law enforcement
35	agency under the order of the court trying the cause, except as provided
36	in this section.
37	(b) Evidence that consists of property obtained unlawfully from its
38	owner may be returned by the law enforcement agency to the owner

1 before trial, in accordance with IC 35-43-4-4(h). 2 (c) Following the final disposition of the cause at trial level or any 3 other final disposition the following shall be done: 4 (1) Property which may be lawfully possessed shall be returned 5 to its rightful owner, if known. If ownership is unknown, a reasonable attempt shall be made by the law enforcement agency 6 7 holding the property to ascertain ownership of the property. After 8 ninety (90) days from the time: 9 (A) the rightful owner has been notified to take possession of 10 the property; or 11 (B) a reasonable effort has been made to ascertain ownership 12 of the property; 13 the law enforcement agency holding the property shall, at such 14 time as it is convenient, dispose of this property at a public 15 auction. The proceeds of this property shall be paid into the 16 county general fund. 17 (2) Except as provided in subsection (e), property, the 18 possession of which is unlawful, shall be destroyed by the law 19 enforcement agency holding it sixty (60) days after final disposition of the cause. 20 21 (d) If any property described in subsection (c) was admitted into 22 evidence in the cause, the property shall be disposed of in accordance 23 with an order of the court trying the cause. 24 (e) A law enforcement agency may destroy or cause to be 25 destroyed chemicals or controlled substances associated with the 26 illegal manufacture of drugs or controlled substances without a 27 court order if all the following conditions are met: 28 (1) The law enforcement agency collects and preserves a 29 sufficient quantity of the chemicals or controlled substances 30 to demonstrate that the chemicals or controlled substances 31 were associated with the illegal manufacture of drugs or 32 controlled substances. 33 (2) The law enforcement agency takes photographs of the 34 illegal drug manufacturing site that accurately depict the 35 presence and quantity of chemicals and controlled substances. 36 (3) The law enforcement agency completes a chemical 37 inventory report that describes the type and quantities of 38 chemicals and controlled substances present at the illegal

1 manufacturing site. 2 The photographs and description of the property shall be 3 admissible into evidence in place of the actual physical evidence. 4 (f) For purposes of preserving the record of any conviction on 5 appeal, a photograph demonstrating the nature of the property, and an adequate description of the property must be obtained before the 6 7 disposition of it. In the event of a retrial, the photograph and 8 description of the property shall be admissible into evidence in place 9 of the actual physical evidence. All other rules of law governing the admissibility of evidence shall apply to the photographs. 10 11 (f) (g) The law enforcement agency disposing of property in any 12 manner provided in subsections subsection (b), and (c), or (e) of this 13 section shall maintain certified records of any such disposition. 14 Disposition by destruction of property shall be witnessed by two (2) 15 persons who shall also attest to the destruction. 16 (g) (h) This section does not affect the procedure for the disposition 17 of firearms seized by a law enforcement agency. 18 (h) (i) A law enforcement agency that disposes of property by 19 auction under this section shall permanently stamp or otherwise 20 permanently identify the property as property sold by the law 21 enforcement agency. 22 (i) Upon motion of the prosecuting attorney, the court shall order 23 property seized under IC 34-24-1 transferred, subject to the perfected 24 liens or other security interests of any person in the property, to the 25 appropriate federal authority for disposition under 18 U.S.C. 981(e), 19 26 U.S.C. 1616a, or 21 U.S.C. 881(e) and any related regulations adopted 27 by the United States Department of Justice. 28 SECTION 12. IC 35-38-1-7.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.183-1999, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 30 JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 7.1. (a) In determining what sentence to impose 31 for a crime, the court shall consider: 32 (1) the risk that the person will commit another crime; 33 (2) the nature and circumstances of the crime committed; 34 (3) the person's: 35 (A) prior criminal record; 36 (B) character; and 37 (C) condition;

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(4) whether the victim of the crime was less than twelve (12)

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1	years of age or at least sixty-five (65) years of age;
2	(5) whether the person violated a protective order issued against
3	the person under IC 31-15 or IC 31-16 (or IC 31-1-11.5 before its
4	repeal) or IC 34-26-2 (or IC 34-4-5.1 before its repeal); and
5	(6) any oral or written statement made by a victim of the crime.
6	(b) The court may consider the following factors as aggravating
7	circumstances or as favoring imposing consecutive terms of
8	imprisonment:
9	(1) The person has recently violated the conditions of any
10	probation, parole, or pardon granted to the person.
11	(2) The person has a history of criminal or delinquent activity.
12	(3) The person is in need of correctional or rehabilitative
13	treatment that can best be provided by commitment of the person
14	to a penal facility.
15	(4) Imposition of a reduced sentence or suspension of the
16	sentence and imposition of probation would depreciate the
17	seriousness of the crime.
18	(5) The victim of the crime was less than twelve (12) years of age
19	or at least sixty-five (65) years of age.
20	(6) The victim of the crime was mentally or physically infirm.
21	(7) The person committed a forcible felony while wearing a
22	garment designed to resist the penetration of a bullet.
23	(8) The person committed a sex crime listed in subsection (e) and:
24	(A) the crime created an epidemiologically demonstrated risk
25	of transmission of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
26	and involved the sex organ of one (1) person and the mouth,
27	anus, or sex organ of another person;
28	(B) the person had knowledge that the person was a carrier of
29	HIV; and
30	(C) the person had received risk counseling as described in
31	subsection (g).
32	(9) The person committed an offense related to controlled
33	substances listed in subsection (f) if:
34	(A) the offense involved:
35	(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or
36	(ii) the use by any person on another person;
37	of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
38	paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated

1	risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact;
2	(B) the person had knowledge that the person was a carrier of
3	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); and
4	(C) the person had received risk counseling as described in
5	subsection (g).
6	(10) The person committed the offense in an area of a
7	consolidated or second class city that is designated as a public
8	safety improvement area by the Indiana criminal justice institute
9	under IC 36-8-19.5.
0	(11) The injury to or death of the victim of the crime was the
. 1	result of shaken baby syndrome (as defined in IC 16-41-40-2).
2	(12) Before the commission of the crime, the person administered
3	to the victim of the crime, without the victim's knowledge, a
4	sedating drug or a drug that had a hypnotic effect on the victim,
.5	or the person had knowledge that such a drug had been
6	administered to the victim without the victim's knowledge.
7	(13) The person:
8	(A) committed trafficking with an inmate under IC 35-44-3-9;
9	and
20	(B) is an employee of the penal facility.
21	(c) The court may consider the following factors as mitigating
22	circumstances or as favoring suspending the sentence and imposing
23	probation:
24	(1) The crime neither caused nor threatened serious harm to
25	persons or property, or the person did not contemplate that it
26	would do so.
27	(2) The crime was the result of circumstances unlikely to recur.
28	(3) The victim of the crime induced or facilitated the offense.
29	(4) There are substantial grounds tending to excuse or justify the
30	crime, though failing to establish a defense.
31	(5) The person acted under strong provocation.
32	(6) The person has no history of delinquency or criminal activity,
33	or the person has led a law-abiding life for a substantial period
34	before commission of the crime.
35	(7) The person is likely to respond affirmatively to probation or
86	short term imprisonment.
37	(8) The character and attitudes of the person indicate that the
88	person is unlikely to commit another crime.

1	(9) The person has made or will make restitution to the victim of
2	the crime for the injury, damage, or loss sustained.
3	(10) Imprisonment of the person will result in undue hardship to
4	the person or the dependents of the person.
5	(11) The person was convicted of a crime involving the use of
6	force against a person who had repeatedly inflicted physical or
7	sexual abuse upon the convicted person and evidence shows that
8	the convicted person suffered from the effects of battery as a
9	result of the past course of conduct of the individual who is the
10	victim of the crime for which the person was convicted.
11	(d) The criteria listed in subsections (b) and (c) do not limit the
12	matters that the court may consider in determining the sentence.
13	(e) For the purposes of this article, the following crimes are
14	considered sex crimes:
15	(1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
16	(2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).
17	(3) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
18	(4) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
19	(5) Prostitution (IC 35-45-4-2).
20	(6) Patronizing a prostitute (IC 35-45-4-3).
21	(7) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
22	(8) Sexual misconduct with a minor under IC 35-42-4-9(a).
23	(f) For the purposes of this article, the following crimes are
24	considered offenses related to controlled substances:
25	(1) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
26	methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1).
27	(2) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC
28	35-48-4-2).
29	(3) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-3).
30	(4) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-4).
31	(5) Possession of cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
32	methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-6).
33	(6) Possession of a controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-7).
34	(7) Dealing in paraphernalia (IC 35-48-4-8.5).
35	(8) Possession of paraphernalia (IC 35-48-4-8.3).
36	(9) Offenses relating to registration (IC 35-48-4-14).
37	(g) For the purposes of this section, a person received risk
38	counseling if the person had been:

1	(1) notified in person or in writing that tests have confirmed the
2	presence of antibodies to the human immunodeficiency virus
3	(HIV) in the person's blood; and
4	(2) warned of the behavior that can transmit HIV.
5	SECTION 13. IC 35-38-2.6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.242-1999,
6	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this
8	chapter applies to the sentencing of a person convicted of:
9	(1) a felony whenever any part of the sentence may not be
10	suspended under IC 35-50-2-2 or IC 35-50-2-2.1; or
11	(2) a misdemeanor whenever any part of the sentence may not be
12	suspended.
13	(b) This chapter does not apply to persons convicted of any of the
14	following:
15	(1) Sex crimes under IC 35-42-4 or IC 35-46-1-3.
16	(2) Offenses related to controlled substances listed in
17	IC 35-38-1-7.1 for which a Class A or Class B felony is imposed.
18	(3) (2) Any of the felonies listed in IC 35-50-2-2(b)(4).
19	SECTION 14. IC 35-41-1-29 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 29. (a) "Youth program center"
22	means the following:
23	(1) A building or structure that on a regular basis provides
24	recreational, vocational, academic, social, or other programs
25	or services for persons less than eighteen (18) years of age.
26	(2) The real property on which a building or structure
27	described in subdivision (1) is located.
28	(b) The term does not include a program or service described in
29	section 24.7 of this chapter.
30	SECTION 15. IC 35-42-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 1. A person who:
32	(1) knowingly or intentionally kills another human being;
33	(2) kills another human being while committing or attempting to
34	commit arson, burglary, child molesting, consumer product
35	tampering, criminal deviate conduct, kidnapping, rape, robbery,
36	or carjacking;
37	(3) kills another human being while committing or attempting to
38	commit:

1	(A) dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic drug,
2	or methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1);
3	(B) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
4	(IC 35-48-4-2);
5	(C) dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance
6	(IC 35-48-4-3); or
7	(D) dealing in a schedule V controlled substance; or
8	(4) knowingly or intentionally kills a fetus that has attained
9	viability (as defined in IC 16-18-2-365);
10	commits murder, a felony.
11	SECTION 16. IC 35-45-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 1. As used in this
13	chapter:
14	"Documentary material" means any document, drawing, photograph,
15	recording, or other tangible item containing compiled data from which
16	information can be either obtained or translated into a usable form.
17	"Enterprise" means:
18	(1) a sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company,
19	partnership, business trust, or governmental entity; or
20	(2) a union, an association, or a group, whether a legal entity or
21	merely associated in fact.
22	"Pattern of racketeering activity" means engaging in at least two (2)
23	incidents of racketeering activity that have the same or similar intent,
24	result, accomplice, victim, or method of commission, or that are
25	otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics that are not
26	isolated incidents. However, the incidents are a pattern of racketeering
27	activity only if at least one (1) of the incidents occurred after August
28	31, 1980, and if the last of the incidents occurred within five (5) years
29	after a prior incident of racketeering activity.
30	"Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to commit, to
31	conspire to commit a violation of, or aiding and abetting in a violation
32	of any of the following:
33	(1) A provision of IC 23-2-1, or of a rule or order issued under
34	IC 23-2-1.
35	(2) A violation of IC 35-45-9.
36	(3) A violation of IC 35-47.
37	(4) A violation of IC 35-49-3.
38	(5) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).

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(6) Battery as a Class C felony (IC 35-42-2-1).
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 2
              (7) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
 3
              (8) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4).
 4
              (9) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1).
 5
              (10) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2).
 6
              (11) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1).
              (12) Burglary (IC 35-43-2-1).
 7
 8
              (13) Theft (IC 35-43-4-2).
 9
              (14) Receiving stolen property (IC 35-43-4-2).
              (15) Forgery (IC 35-43-5-2).
10
              (16) Fraud (IC 35-43-5-4(1) through IC 35-43-5-4(9)).
11
              (17) Bribery (IC 35-44-1-1).
12
13
              (18) Official misconduct (IC 35-44-1-2).
14
              (19) Conflict of interest (IC 35-44-1-3).
15
              (20) Perjury (IC 35-44-2-1).
16
              (21) Obstruction of justice (IC 35-44-3-4).
              (22) Intimidation (IC 35-45-2-1).
17
18
              (23) Promoting prostitution (IC 35-45-4-4).
19
              (24) Promoting professional gambling (IC 35-45-5-4).
              (25) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
20
21
              methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1).
22
              (26) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
23
              (IC 35-48-4-2).
24
              (27) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance
25
              (IC 35-48-4-3).
26
              (28) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-4).
27
              (29) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish (IC 35-48-4-10).
28
              (30) Money laundering (IC 35-45-15-5).
29
            SECTION 17. IC 35-47-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.14-2000,
30
         SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31
         JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this section, "serious violent
32
         felon" means a person who has been convicted of:
33
              (1) committing a serious violent felony in:
34
                 (A) Indiana; or
35
                 (B) any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the crime
                 for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar
36
37
                  to the elements of a serious violent felony; or
38
              (2) attempting to commit or conspiring to commit a serious
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1	violent felony in:
2	(A) Indiana as provided under IC 35-41-5-1 or IC 35-41-5-2;
3	or
4	(B) any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the crime
5	for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar
6	to the elements of attempting to commit or conspiring to
7	commit a serious violent felony.
8	(b) As used in this section, "serious violent felony" means:
9	(1) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
10	(2) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3);
11	(3) reckless homicide not committed by means of a vehicle (IC
12	35-42-1-5);
13	(4) battery as a Class B felony (IC 35-42-2-1(a)(4)) or Class C
14	felony (IC 35-42-2-1(a)(3));
15	(5) aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5);
16	(6) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2);
17	(7) criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3);
18	(8) rape (IC 35-42-4-1);
19	(9) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2);
20	(10) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3);
21	(11) sexual battery as a Class C felony (IC 35-42-4-8);
22	(12) robbery (IC 35-42-5-1);
23	(13) carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2);
24	(14) arson as a Class A felony or Class B felony (IC
25	35-43-1-1(a));
26	(15) burglary as a Class A felony or Class B felony (IC
27	35-43-2-1);
28	(16) assisting a criminal as a Class C felony (IC 35-44-3-2);
29	(17) resisting law enforcement as a Class B felony or Class C
30	felony (IC 35-44-3-3);
31	(18) escape as a Class B felony or Class C felony (IC 35-44-3-5);
32	(19) trafficking with an inmate as a Class C felony (IC
33	35-44-3-9);
34	(20) criminal gang intimidation (IC 35-45-9-4);
35	(21) stalking as a Class B felony or Class C felony (IC
36	35-45-10-5);
37	(22) incest (IC 35-46-1-3);
38	(23) dealing or manufacturing in cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or

1	methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1);
2	(24) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC
3	35-48-4-2);
4	(25) dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-3);
5	or
6	(26) dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-4).
7	(c) A serious violent felon who knowingly or intentionally possesses
8	a firearm commits unlawful possession of a firearm by a serious violent
9	felon, a Class B felony.
10	SECTION 18. IC 35-48-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 18. "Manufacture"
12	means:
13	(1) the production, preparation, propagation, compounding,
14	conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly
15	or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin,
16	independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a
17	combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes
18	any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or
19	relabeling of its container. It does not include the preparation or
20	compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for his
21	own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling
22	of a controlled substance:
23	(A) by a practitioner as an incident to his administering or
24	dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his
25	professional practice; or
26	(B) by a practitioner, or by his authorized agent under his
27	supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research,
28	teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale; or
29	(2) the organizing or supervising of an activity described in
30	subdivision (1).
31	SECTION 19. IC 35-48-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who:
33	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
34	(A) manufactures;
35	(B) finances the manufacture of;
36	(C) delivers; or
37	(D) finances the delivery of;
38	cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine, pure or
37	(D) finances the delivery of;

1	adulterated, classified in schedule I or II; or
2	(2) possesses, with intent to:
3	(A) manufacture;
4	(B) finance the manufacture of;
5	(C) deliver; or
6	(D) finance the delivery of;
7	cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine, pure or
8	adulterated, classified in schedule I or II;
9	commits dealing in cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine,
10	a Class B felony, except as provided in subsection (b).
11	(b) The offense is a Class A felony if:
12	(1) the amount of the drug involved weighs three (3) grams or
13	more;
14	(2) the person:
15	(A) delivered; or
16	(B) financed the delivery of;
17	the drug to a person under eighteen (18) years of age at least three
18	(3) years junior to the person; or
19	(3) the person manufactured , delivered or financed the delivery
20	of the drug:
21	(A) on a school bus; or
22	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
23	(i) school property;
24	(ii) a public park; or
25	(iii) a family housing complex; or
26	(iv) a youth program center.
27	SECTION 20. IC 35-48-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who:
29	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
30	(A) manufactures;
31	(B) finances the manufacture of;
32	(C) delivers; or
33	(D) finances the delivery of;
34	a controlled substance, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule
35	I, II, or III, except marijuana, hash oil, or hashish; or
36	(2) possesses, with intent to:
37	(A) manufacture;
38	(B) finance the manufacture of;

1	(C) deliver; or
2	(D) finance the delivery of;
3	a controlled substance, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule
4	I, II, or III, except marijuana, hash oil, or hashish;
5	commits dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance, a Class
6	B felony, except as provided in subsection (b).
7	(b) The offense is a Class A felony if:
8	(1) the person:
9	(A) delivered; or
.0	(B) financed the delivery of;
1	the substance to a person under eighteen (18) years of age at least
2	three (3) years junior to the person; or
.3	(2) the person delivered or financed the delivery of the substance
4	(A) on a school bus; or
.5	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
6	(i) school property;
.7	(ii) a public park; or
8	(iii) a family housing complex; or
9	(iv) a youth program center.
20	SECTION 21. IC 35-48-4-4.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 4.1. (a) A person who dumps
23	discharges, discards, transports, or otherwise disposes of:
24	(1) chemicals, knowing the chemicals were used in the illegal
25	manufacture of a controlled substance or an immediate
26	precursor; or
27	(2) waste, knowing that the waste was produced from the
28	illegal manufacture of a controlled substance or an immediate
29	precursor;
30	commits dumping controlled substance waste, a Class D felony.
31	(b) It is not a defense in a prosecution under subsection (a) that
32	the person did not manufacture the controlled substance or
33	immediate precursor.
34	SECTION 22. IC 35-48-4-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 3. (a) A person who:
86	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
37	(A) manufactures;
Q	(R) finances the manufacture of

1	(C) delivers; or
2	(D) finances the delivery of;
3	a controlled substance, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule
4	IV; or
5	(2) possesses, with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled
6	substance, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule IV;
7	commits dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance, a Class C
8	felony, except as provided in subsection (b).
9	(b) The offense is a Class B felony if:
10	(1) the person:
11	(A) delivered; or
12	(B) financed the delivery of;
13	the substance to a person under eighteen (18) years of age at least
14	three (3) years junior to the person; or
15	(2) the person delivered or financed the delivery of the substance:
16	(A) on a school bus; or
17	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
18	(i) school property;
19	(ii) a public park; or
20	(iii) a family housing complex; or
21	(iv) a youth program center.
22	SECTION 23. IC 35-48-4-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who:
24	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
25	(A) manufactures;
26	(B) finances the manufacture of;
27	(C) delivers; or
28	(D) finances the delivery of;
29	a controlled substance, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule
30	V; or
31	(2) possesses, with intent to:
32	(A) manufacture;
33	(B) finance the manufacture of;
34	(C) deliver; or
35	(D) finance the delivery of;
36	a controlled substance, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule
37	V;
2 Q	commits dealing in a schedule V controlled substance a Class D

1	felony, except as provided in subsection (b).
2	(b) The offense is a Class B felony if:
3	(1) the person:
4	(A) delivered; or
5	(B) financed the delivery of;
6	the substance to a person under eighteen (18) years of age at least
7	three (3) years junior to the person; or
8	(2) the person delivered or financed the delivery of the substance:
9	(A) on a school bus; or
10	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
11	(i) school property;
12	(ii) a public park; or
13	(iii) a family housing complex; or
14	(iv) a youth program center.
15	SECTION 24. IC 35-48-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.188-1999,
16	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 6. (a) A person who, without a valid prescription
18	or order of a practitioner acting in the course of the practitioner's
19	professional practice, knowingly or intentionally possesses cocaine
20	(pure or adulterated), or a narcotic drug (pure or adulterated) classified
21	in schedule I or II, or methamphetamine (pure or adulterated)
22	commits possession of cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
23	methamphetamine, a Class D felony, except as provided in subsection
24	(b).
25	(b) The offense is:
26	(1) a Class C felony if:
27	(A) the amount of the drug involved (pure or adulterated)
28	weighs three (3) grams or more; or
29	(B) the person was also in possession of a firearm (as defined
30	in IC 35-47-1-5);
31	(2) a Class B felony if the person in possession of the cocaine, or
32	narcotic drug, or methamphetamine possesses less than three (3)
33	grams of pure or adulterated cocaine, or narcotic drug, or
34	methamphetamine:
35	(A) on a school bus; or
36	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
37	(i) school property;
38	(ii) a nuhlic nark: or

1	(iii) a family nousing complex; and or
2	(iv) a youth program center; and
3	(3) a Class A felony if the person possesses the cocaine, on
4	narcotic drug, or methamphetamine in an amount (pure or
5	adulterated) weighing at least three (3) grams:
6	(A) on a school bus; or
7	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
8	(i) school property;
9	(ii) a public park; or
0	(iii) a family housing complex; or
.1	(iv) a youth program center.
2	SECTION 25. IC 35-48-4-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 7. (a) A person who
4	without a valid prescription or order of a practitioner acting in the
.5	course of his professional practice, knowingly or intentionally
6	possesses a controlled substance (pure or adulterated) classified in
7	schedule I, II, III, or IV, except marijuana or hashish, commits
8	possession of a controlled substance, a Class D felony. However, the
9	offense is a Class C felony if the person in possession of the controlled
20	substance possesses the controlled substance:
21	(1) on a school bus; or
22	(2) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
23	(A) school property;
24	(B) a public park; or
25	(C) a family housing complex; or
26	(D) a youth program center.
27	(b) A person who, without a valid prescription or order of a
28	practitioner acting in the course of his professional practice, knowingly
29	or intentionally obtains:
30	(1) more than four (4) ounces of schedule V controlled substances
31	containing codeine in any given forty-eight (48) hour period
32	unless pursuant to a prescription;
33	(2) a schedule V controlled substance pursuant to written or
34	verbal misrepresentation; or
35	(3) possession of a schedule V controlled substance other than by
86	means of a prescription or by means of signing an exempt
37	narcotic register maintained by a pharmacy licensed by the
88	Indiana state board of pharmacy;

1	commits a Class D felony.
2	SECTION 26. IC 35-48-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 10. (a) A person who:
4	(1) knowingly or intentionally:
5	(A) manufactures;
6	(B) finances the manufacture of;
7	(C) delivers; or
8	(D) finances the delivery of;
9	marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, pure or adulterated; or
10	(2) possesses, with intent to:
11	(A) manufacture;
12	(B) finance the manufacture of;
13	(C) deliver; or
14	(D) finance the delivery of;
15	marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, pure or adulterated;
16	commits dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish, a Class A
17	misdemeanor, except as provided in subsection (b).
18	(b) The offense is:
19	(1) a Class D felony if:
20	(A) the recipient or intended recipient is under eighteen (18)
21	years of age;
22	(B) the amount involved is more than thirty (30) grams but
23	less than ten (10) pounds of marijuana or two (2) grams but
24	less than three hundred (300) grams of hash oil or hashish; or
25	(C) the person has a prior conviction of an offense involving
26	marijuana, hash oil, or hashish; and
27	(2) a Class C felony if the amount involved is ten (10) pounds or
28	more of marijuana or three hundred (300) or more grams of hash
29	oil or hashish or the person delivered or financed the delivery of
30	marijuana, hash oil, or hashish:
31	(A) on a school bus; or
32	(B) in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
33	(i) school property;
34	(ii) a public park; or
35	(iii) a family housing complex; or
36	(iv) a youth program center.
37	SECTION 27. IC 35-48-4-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 Q	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE II II V 1 2001]: Sec. 13 (a) A person who

1	knowingly or intentionally visits a building, structure, vehicle, or other
2	place that is used by any person to unlawfully use a controlled
3	substance commits visiting a common nuisance, a Class B
4	misdemeanor.
5	(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally maintains a building,
6	structure, vehicle, or other place that is used one (1) or more times:
7	(1) by persons to unlawfully use controlled substances; or
8	(2) for unlawfully:
9	(A) manufacturing;
10	(B) keeping;
11	(B) (C) offering for sale;
12	(C) (D) selling;
13	(D) (E) delivering; or
14	(E) (F) financing the delivery of;
15	controlled substances, or items of drug paraphernalia as described
16	in IC 35-48-4-8.5;
17	commits maintaining a common nuisance, a Class D felony.
18	SECTION 28. IC 35-48-4-14.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.150-1999,
19	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 14.5. (a) As used in this section, "chemical
21	reagents or precursors" refers to one (1) or more of the following:
22	(1) Ephedrine.
23	(2) Pseudoephedrine.
24	(3) Phenylpropanolamine.
25	(4) The salts, isomers, and salts of isomers of a substance
26	identified in subdivisions (1) through (3).
27	(5) Anhydrous ammonia or ammonia solution (as defined in
28	IC 22-11-20-1).
29	(6) Organic solvents.
30	(7) Hydrochloric acid.
31	(8) Lithium metal.
32	(9) Sodium metal.
33	(10) Ether.
34	(11) Sulfuric acid.
35	(12) Red phosphorous.
36	(13) Iodine.
37	(14) Sodium hydroxide (lye).
38	(15) Potassium dichromate.

1	(16) Sodium dichromate.
2	(17) Potassium permanganate.
3	(18) Chromium trioxide.
4	(b) A person who possesses anhydrous ammonia or ammonia
5	solution (as defined in IC 22-11-20-1) with the intent to
6	manufacture methamphetamine, a schedule II controlled substance
7	under IC 35-48-2-6, commits a Class D felony. However, the
8	offense is a Class C felony if the person possessed:
9	(1) a firearm while possessing anhydrous ammonia or
10	ammonia solution (as defined in IC 22-11-20-1) with intent to
11	manufacture methamphetamine, a schedule II controlled
12	substance under IC 35-48-2-6; or
13	(2) anhydrous ammonia or ammonia solution (as defined in
14	IC 22-11-20-1) with intent to manufacture methamphetamine,
15	a schedule II controlled substance under IC 35-48-2-6 in, on,
16	or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
17	(A) school property;
18	(B) a public park;
19	(C) a family housing complex; or
20	(D) a youth program center.
21	(c) A person who possesses two (2) or more chemical reagents or
22	precursors with the intent to manufacture:
23	(1) Methcathinone, a schedule I controlled substance under
24	IC 35-48-2-4;
25	(2) Methamphetamine, a schedule II controlled substance under
26	IC 35-48-2-6;
27	(3) Amphetamine, a schedule II controlled substance under
28	IC 35-48-2-6; or
29	(4) Phentermine, a schedule IV controlled substance under
30	IC 35-48-2-10;
31	commits a Class D felony.
32	(d) An offense under subsection (c) is a Class C felony if the
33	person possessed:
34	(1) a firearm while possessing two (2) or more chemical
35	reagents or precursors with intent to manufacture
36	methamphetamine, a schedule II controlled substance under
37	IC 35-48-2-6; or
38	(2) two (2) or more chemical reagents or precursors with

1	intent to manufacture methamphetamine, a schedule II
2	controlled substance under IC 35-48-2-6 in, on, or within one
3	thousand (1,000) feet of:
4	(A) school property;
5	(B) a public park;
6	(C) a family housing complex; or
7	(D) a youth program center.
8	SECTION 29. IC 35-48-4-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 16. (a) For an offense under this
11	chapter that requires proof of:
12	(1) delivery of cocaine, narcotic drug, methamphetamine, or
13	controlled substance;
14	(2) financing the delivery of cocaine, narcotic drug,
15	methamphetamine, or controlled substance; or
16	(3) possession of cocaine, narcotic drug, methamphetamine,
17	or controlled substance;
18	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property, public park,
19	family housing complex, or youth program center, the person
20	charged may assert the defense in subsection (b) or (c).
21	(b) It is a defense for a person charged under this chapter with
22	an offense that contains an element listed in subsection (a) that:
23	(1) a person was briefly in, on, or within one thousand (1,000)
24	feet of school property, public park, family housing complex,
25	or youth program center; and
26	(2) no person under eighteen (18) years of age at least three
27	(3) years junior to the person was in, on, or within one
28	thousand (1,000) feet of school property, public park, family
29	housing complex, or youth program center at the time of the
30	offense.
31	(c) It is a defense for a person charged under this chapter with
32	an offense that contains an element listed in subsection (a) that a
33	person was in, on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of school
34	property, public park, family housing complex, or youth program
35	center at the request or suggestion of a law enforcement officer or
36	an agent of a law enforcement officer.
37	(d) The defense under this section applies only to the element of

the offense that requires proof that the delivery, financing the

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1 delivery, or possession of cocaine, narcotic drug, 2 methamphetamine, or controlled substance occurred in, on, or 3 within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property, public park, 4 family housing complex, or youth program center. 5 SECTION 30. IC 35-50-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.188-1999, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 7 JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 2. (a) The court may suspend any part of a 8 sentence for a felony, except as provided in this section or in section 9 2.1 of this chapter. 10 (b) With respect to the following crimes listed in this subsection, the 11 court may suspend only that part of the sentence that is in excess of the 12 minimum sentence: 13 (1) The crime committed was a Class A or Class B felony and the 14 person has a prior unrelated felony conviction. 15 (2) The crime committed was a Class C felony and less than seven 16 (7) years have elapsed between the date the person was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever 17 18 is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the 19 person committed the Class C felony for which the person is 20 being sentenced. 21 (3) The crime committed was a Class D felony and less than three 22 (3) years have elapsed between the date the person was 23 discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever 24 is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the 25 person committed the Class D felony for which the person is 26 being sentenced. However, the court may suspend the minimum 27 sentence for the crime only if the court orders home detention under IC 35-38-1-21 or IC 35-38-2.5-5 instead of the minimum 28 29 sentence specified for the crime under this chapter. 30 (4) The felony committed was: 31 (A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1); 32 (B) battery (IC 35-42-2-1) with a deadly weapon; 33 (C) sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8) with a deadly weapon; 34 (D) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2); 35 (E) confinement (IC 35-42-3-3) with a deadly weapon;

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(G) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) as a Class A

(F) rape (IC 35-42-4-1) as a Class A felony;

felony;

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1	(H) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3) as a Class A or Class B
2	felony;
3	(I) robbery (IC 35-42-5-1) resulting in serious bodily injury or
4	with a deadly weapon;
5	(J) arson (IC 35-43-1-1) for hire or resulting in serious bodily
6	injury;
7	(K) burglary (IC 35-43-2-1) resulting in serious bodily injury
8	or with a deadly weapon;
9	(L) resisting law enforcement (IC 35-44-3-3) with a deadly
10	weapon;
11	(M) escape (IC 35-44-3-5) with a deadly weapon;
12	(N) rioting (IC 35-45-1-2) with a deadly weapon;
13	(O) dealing in cocaine, or a narcotic drug, or
14	methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1) as a Class A felony; if the
15	court finds the person possessed a firearm (as defined in
16	IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the person
17	delivered or intended to deliver to a person under eighteen
18	(18) years of age at least three (3) years junior to the
19	person and was within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
20	(i) school property;
21	(ii) a public park;
22	(iii) a family housing complex; or
23	(iv) a youth program center.
24	(P) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC
25	35-48-4-2) if the amount of controlled substance involved has
26	an aggregate weight of three (3) grams or more; the court
27	finds the person possessed a firearm (as defined in
28	IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the person
29	delivered or intended to deliver to a person under eighteen
30	(18) years of age at least three (3) years junior to the
31	person and was within one thousand (1,000) feet of:
32	(i) school property;
33	(ii) a public park;
34	(iii) a family housing complex; or
35	(iv) a youth program center.
36	(Q) an offense under IC 9-30-5 (operating a vehicle while
37	intoxicated) and the person who committed the offense has
38	accumulated at least two (2) prior unrelated convictions under

1 IC 9-30-5; or 2 (R) aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5). 3 (c) Except as provided in subsection (e), whenever the court 4 suspends a sentence for a felony, it shall place the person on probation 5 under IC 35-38-2 for a fixed period to end not later than the date that 6 the maximum sentence that may be imposed for the felony will expire. 7 (d) The minimum sentence for a person convicted of voluntary 8 manslaughter may not be suspended unless the court finds at the 9 sentencing hearing that the crime was not committed by means of a 10 deadly weapon. 11 (e) Whenever the court suspends that part of an offender's (as 12 defined in IC 5-2-12-4) sentence that is suspendible under subsection 13 (b), the court shall place the offender on probation under IC 35-38-2 for 14 not more than ten (10) years. 15 (f) An additional term of imprisonment imposed under 16 IC 35-50-2-11 may not be suspended. 17 (g) A term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-47-10-6 or IC 35-47-10-7 may not be suspended if the commission of the offense 18 19 was knowing or intentional. 20 (h) A term of imprisonment imposed for an offense under 21 IC 35-48-4-6(b)(1)(B) may not be suspended. 22 SECTION 31. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001] (a) IC 31-34-1-2, 23 IC 35-38-1-7.1, IC 35-42-1-1, IC 35-45-6-1, IC 35-47-4-5, IC 35-48-1-18, IC 35-48-4-1, IC 35-48-4-2, IC 35-48-4-3, 24 IC 35-48-4-4, IC 35-48-4-6, IC 35-48-4-7, IC 35-48-4-10, 25 IC 35-48-4-13, IC 35-50-2-2, and IC 35-50-2-9, all as amended by 26 27 this act, and IC 22-11-20-6, IC 35-48-4-4.1, IC 35-41-1-29, as added 28 by this act, apply only to offenses committed after June 30, 2001. 29 (b) IC 34-30-3-2, as added by this act, applies only to a cause of 30 action that accrues after June 30, 2001. The enactment of 31 IC 34-30-3-2, as added by this act, may not be considered in 32 determining liability for a cause of action that accrues before July 33 1, 2001. 34 (c) IC 35-33-5-5, as amended by this act, applies to all actions of 35 a law enforcement agency taken after June 30, 2001.

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(d) The amendment of IC 35-38-2.6-1 by this act shall not be

construed to reduce or invalidate a sentence imposed before July

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1, 2001.

Reference	is to	HB	1892	as	introduced.)
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and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Dvorak